

The Celestia theme for Beamer

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① INTRODUCTION

The Celestia theme is a modern, elegant Beamer theme designed to produce professional and visually appealing presentations. It offers extensive customization while remaining straightforward to use.

Celestia ships with 22 color palettes, 9 frame title styles, 11 footer styles, 10 block styles, and 12 preset styles that combine these elements into cohesive looks.

1.1 Basic usage

```

1 \documentclass{beamer}
2 \usetheme{Celestia}
3
4 \title{My presentation}
5 \author{John Doe}
6 \date{\today}
7
8 \begin{document}
9 \maketitle
10 \end{document}
```

1.2 Compilation

The Celestia theme is designed to be compiled with `lualatex` or `xelatex` for full font management through `fontspec`. A `pdflatex` compatibility mode is also available.

② LANGUAGE

2.1 The language option

Sets the presentation language, which is automatically passed to the `babel` package. In `french` mode, the names of mathematical environments (theorem, definition, etc.) and code listing captions are automatically translated.

Default: `english`

```

1 \usetheme[language=french]{Celestia}
```

③ PRESET STYLES

3.1 The style option

The theme provides preset styles that automatically configure several options (palette, frametitle, footerstyle, block) for a cohesive look.

Available styles

- **minimal**: palette sapphire, frametitle plain, footerstyle minimalist, block soft;
- **signature**: palette petrol, frametitle cosmic, footerstyle cosmic, block fullbar;
- **studio**: palette oxford, frametitle elegant, footerstyle info, block sober, emphasis accent;
- **academic**: palette horizon, frametitle elegant, footerstyle classic, block native, titlealign center;
- **modern**: palette nordic, frametitle subtle, footerstyle info, block sober;
- **design**: palette imperial, frametitle clean, footerstyle badge, block bar;
- **executive**: palette palatial, frametitle leftbar, footerstyle fullbar, block fullbar;
- **sober**: palette terracotta, frametitle gradient, footerstyle info, block sober;
- **simple**: palette steel, frametitle plain, footerstyle minimalist, block noback;
- **editorial**: palette manuscript, frametitle line, footerstyle ruled, block sober;
- **lumiere**: palette lumiere, frametitle plainrule, footerstyle framed, block soft;
- **chalk**: palette chalk, frametitle subtle, footerstyle boxedruled, block bar, barblockopacity 0.15.

```
1 \usetheme[style=academic]{Celestia}
```

Individual options can be appended after the style for further customization:

```
1 \usetheme[style=modern, palette=copper]{Celestia}
```

④ COLOR PALETTES

4.1 Built-in palettes

The theme ships with 22 harmonious palettes. Each palette automatically defines six colors: primary (**main**), accent, standard block (**blockcolor**), example (**examplecolor**), alert (**alertcolor**), and background (**background**).

4.1.1 The *palette* option

Default: `nordic`

Available palettes

- **chalk**: dark text on a warm beige background, chalkboard style;
- **copper**: gray-blue tones with copper accents;
- **dusk**: light text on a dark teal background;
- **horizon**: deep oceanic blues;
- **imperial**: midnight blue with burgundy accents;
- **lumiere**: deep blue-gray with pink accents;
- **manuscript**: indigo and violet tones, manuscript feel;
- **midnight**: light text on a deep indigo background;
- **mineral**: dark blue with amber accents;
- **nordic**: icy Scandinavian blues (default);
- **obsidian**: light text on a dark background;

- **oxford**: classic academic blues;
- **palatial**: midnight blue with gold accents;
- **petrol**: petrol greens with ochre accents;
- **prestige**: deep blue-gray with raspberry accents;
- **royal**: dark, elegant teal tones;
- **sakura**: soft grays with pink accents;
- **sapphire**: deep sapphire blues;
- **steel**: steel blues with muted accents;
- **terracotta**: warm terracotta tones;
- **velours**: light text on a deep plum background;
- **velvet**: dark plum with gold accents.

```
1 \usetheme[palette=petrol]{Celestia}
```

Note: the **obsidian**, **midnight**, **dusk** and **velours** palettes use a dark background. They work well for presentations projected in dimly lit rooms.

4.2 Custom palette

4.2.1 The *custompalette* option

Defines a fully custom palette by specifying six hex color codes (without the #) in order: primary, accent, standard block, example block, alert block, background.

```
1 \usetheme[
2   custompalette={2C3E50,E74C3C,3498DB,27AE60,E67E22,ECF0F1}
3 ]{Celestia}
```

4.3 Individual colors

For finer control, each color can be overridden individually (hex codes without the #):

- **maincolor**: primary color for text and headings;
- **accentcolor**: secondary color for decorative elements;
- **backgroundcolor**: slide background color;
- **codebackgroundcolor**: background color for code blocks;
- **blockcolor**: color for standard blocks (theorem, property, etc.);
- **examplecolor**: color for example blocks (definition, example, etc.);
- **alertcolor**: color for alert blocks (remark, activity, etc.).

```
1 \usetheme[
2   maincolor=045549,
3   accentcolor=E63946,
4   backgroundcolor=FAFAFA,
5   blockcolor=1A3B52
6 ]{Celestia}
```

4.4 The **unicolor** option

Enables a monochromatic mode in which the accent color is used for all elements (blocks, items, decorations).

```
1 \usetheme[unicolor]{Celestia}
```

4.5 The **emphasis** and **decoration** options

These two options control the colors used for emphasis elements (headings, items) and decorations (rules, ornaments), respectively.

4.5.1 The **emphasis** option

Default: `main`

- **main:** headings and items use the primary color. The decoration color is then automatically set to `accent`;
- **accent:** headings and items use the accent color.

4.5.2 The **decoration** option

Default: follows the value of `emphasis`

Allows the decoration color to be set independently (`main` or `accent`).

```
1 \usetheme[emphasis=accent, decoration=main]{Celestia}
```

⑤ FONTS

5.1 Default fonts

- **Serif font (main):** Literata (fallback: TeX Gyre Pagella);
- **Sans-serif font:** Inter with light weights (fallback: TeX Gyre Heros);
- **Monospaced font:** IBM Plex Mono (fallback: TeX Gyre Cursor).

5.2 Font customization

- **serifface:** main serif font (`literata` by default);
- **seriffaceoptions:** `fontspec` options for the serif font;
- **sansface:** sans-serif font (`inter` by default);
- **sansfaceoptions:** options for the sans-serif font (empty by default; the theme automatically applies `Scale=0.88` and a light weight depending on the engine);
- **monoface:** monospaced font for code (`plex-mono` by default);
- **monofaceoptions:** `fontspec` options for the mono font.

```
1 \usetheme[  
2   serifface=EB Garamond,  
3   seriffaceoptions={Scale=1.1},
```

```

4     sansface=Montserrat,
5     monoface=Fira Code
6 ]{Celestia}

```

To disable serif font loading entirely: `serifface=none`.

Engine differences for font lookup

LuaLaTeX and XeLaTeX both use `fontspec`, but their font discovery mechanisms differ. **LuaLaTeX** maintains its own font database (`luaotfload`) and reliably finds fonts by family name (e.g. `Source Sans 3`). **XeLaTeX** relies on the system libraries (`fontconfig` on Linux, Core Text on macOS), which may not recognize the same name.

If a custom font is not found, the theme falls back to the TeX Gyre family and emits a warning. To avoid the fallback on XeLaTeX, you can:

- use the exact file name instead of the family name: `sansface=SourceSans3-Regular.otf`;
- check the name registered in fontconfig with `fc-list | grep "Source" |`;
- prefer **LuaLaTeX** for the most reliable font discovery.

5.3 The `allserif` option

Uses the serif main font as the default body font and activates Beamer's `serif` font theme.

```

1 \usetheme[allserif]{Celestia}

```

5.4 The `semibold` option

Enables semibold (weight 600) as the bold series for the main and sans-serif fonts. With `pdflatex`, this uses `\DeclareFontSeriesDefault`. With LuaLaTeX/XeLaTeX, it automatically adds `BoldFeatures={Weight=600}` to the `fontspec` options.

Default: `true`

```

1 \usetheme[semibold=false]{Celestia}

```

5.5 The `light` option

Uses lighter font weights for the body text (weight 300 for the sans-serif font with LuaLaTeX/XeLaTeX, or the `light` option for Inter with `pdflatex`). Also applies a lighter weight to the monospaced font.

Default: `true`

```

1 \usetheme[light=false]{Celestia}

```

5.6 Math font

5.6.1 The `mathface` option

Sets the math font. With LuaLaTeX/XeLaTeX, the built-in presets use `unicode-math`. With `pdflatex`, legacy packages are loaded instead.

Default: iwona

Built-in presets

- **iwona:** Iwona math font (default);
- **kurier:** Kurier math font;
- **pagella:** TeX Gyre Pagella Math (`mathpazo` with `pdflatex`);
- **termes:** TeX Gyre Termes Math (`newtxmath` with `pdflatex`);
- **stix:** STIX Two Math (`stix2` with `pdflatex`);
- **libertinus:** Libertinus Math (`libertinust1math` with `pdflatex`);
- **fira:** Fira Math;
- **noto:** Noto Sans Math;
- **mtpro2:** MathTime Professional 2 (loaded via the `mtpro2` package with both engines).

Any other value is passed directly to `\setmathfont` (LuaLaTeX/XeLaTeX) or `\RequirePackage` (pdfLaTeX).

```
1 \usetheme[mathface=pagella]{Celestia}
```

5.6.2 The `mathfaceoptions` option

Additional options passed to `\setmathfont` (LuaLaTeX/XeLaTeX only).

```
1 \usetheme[mathface=pagella, mathfaceoptions={Scale=1.05}]{Celestia}
```

⑥ LAYOUT

6.1 Margins

6.1.1 The `margin` option

Sets the left and right margin of the slide content area.

Default: 2em

```
1 \usetheme[margin=1.5em]{Celestia}
```

6.2 Frame title style

6.2.1 The `frametitle` option

Sets the visual style of each slide's frame title.

Default: subtle

Available values

- **plain:** simple left-aligned title with no decoration;
- **cosmic:** title with a horizontal decorative rule and diamond ornament;
- **line:** title with a full-width horizontal rule;

- **gradient**: subtle horizontal gradient beneath the title;
- **clean**: colored vertical sidebar to the left of the title;
- **elegant**: title on a full-width colored background;
- **subtle**: title with a short underline rule (default);
- **plainrule**: title with a gradient separator rule;
- **leftbar**: thick vertical bar spanning the full height of the title.

```
1 \usetheme[frametitle=elegant]{Celestia}
```

Every style supports a subtitle via `\framesubtitle{...}`.

6.3 Title page

6.3.1 The *titlealign* option

Sets the alignment of the title page content.

Default: `left`

Available values: `left`, `center`, `right`

```
1 \usetheme[titlealign=center]{Celestia}
```

6.3.2 The *titlebackground* option

Specifies a background image (displayed at reduced opacity) for the title page.

```
1 \usetheme[titlebackground=images/background.jpg]{Celestia}
```

6.3.3 The *\subject* command

Defines a subject line displayed above the main title on the title page and embedded in the PDF metadata.

```
1 \subject{Computer Science}
2 \title{Introduction to Graph Theory}
```

⑦ HEADING STYLE

7.1 Font family

7.1.1 The *headstyle* option

Sets the font family used for headings.

Default: `sffamily`

Available values: `sffamily` (sans-serif), `rmfamily` (serif)

7.2 Font shape

7.2.1 The *headshape* option

Sets the font shape for headings.

Default: `normal`

Available values: `normal`, `sc` (small caps), `it` (italic)

7.3 Font weight

7.3.1 The *headweight* option

Sets the font weight for headings.

Default: `bfseries`

Available values: `bfseries` (bold), `mdseries` (medium)

7.4 Block title weight

7.4.1 The *blocktitleweight* option

Sets the font weight for tcolorbox block titles.

Default: `bfseries`

Available values: `bfseries` (bold), `mdseries` (medium)

7.5 Heading sizes

The theme allows each heading element to be sized independently. In addition to the standard LaTeX sizes, Celestia defines intermediate sizes for finer control:

- **titlesize:** main title on the title page (`LargeLARGE` by default);
- **frametitlesize:** frame title (`normalsize` by default);
- **sectiontitlesize:** section title (`LARGE` by default);
- **subtitlesize:** subtitle (`Large` by default);
- **footertextsize:** footer text (`tiny` by default).

Available sizes

The standard LaTeX sizes are available: `tiny`, `scriptsize`, `footnotesize`, `small`, `normalsize`, `large`, `Large`, `LARGE`, `huge`, `Huge`.

Celestia adds an intermediate size between each consecutive pair:

- `tinyscriptsize` (between `tiny` and `scriptsize`);
- `scriptsizefootnotesize` (between `scriptsize` and `footnotesize`);
- `footnotesizesmall` (between `footnotesize` and `small`);
- `smallnormalsize` (between `small` and `normalsize`);
- `normalsizelarge` (between `normalsize` and `large`);
- `largeLarge` (between `large` and `Large`);
- `LargeLARGE` (between `Large` and `LARGE`);

- `LARGEhuge` (between `LARGE` and `huge`);
- `hugeHuge` (between `huge` and `Huge`).

```

1 \usetheme[
2   titlesize=Huge,
3   frametitlesize=Large,
4   sectiontitlesize=huge,
5   footertextsize=scriptsize
6 ]{Celestia}

```

7.6 Full example

```

1 \usetheme[
2   headstyle=rmfamily,
3   headshape=sc,
4   headweight=mdseries,
5   blocktitleweight=bfseries
6 ]{Celestia}

```

⑧ FOOTER

8.1 The `footerstyle` option

Sets the footer style (hidden on the title slide).

Default: `info`

Available values

- **prestige**: three-column layout with short dash separators;
- **cosmic**: three-column layout with author, title, and slide number separated by diamond ornaments;
- **info**: author and title on the left, slide number on the right, with an optional progress bar (default);
- **minimalist**: discreet slide number in the bottom-right corner;
- **badge**: slide number in a colored badge on the bottom right, author and title on the bottom left;
- **classic**: bar divided into four alternating colored zones (author / title / date / slide number);
- **fullbar**: similar to classic but entirely on a colored background with circular separators;
- **ruled**: three-column layout with horizontal rules between entries;
- **framed**: three-column layout with a top horizontal rule;
- **boxed**: three-column layout with rounded boxes around each entry;
- **boxedruled**: combination of boxed entries and horizontal rules.

```

1 \usetheme[footerstyle=info]{Celestia}

```

8.2 The `progressbar` option

Adds a progress bar at the bottom of each slide. For the `info` and `minimalist` styles, the bar is natively integrated into the footer. For other styles, it is overlaid at the bottom of the page.

Default: `false`

```
1 \usetheme[progressbar]{Celestia}
```

8.3 The `shownavigation` option

Displays the Beamer navigation symbols (disabled by default).

```
1 \usetheme[shownavigation]{Celestia}
```

⑨ TABLE OF CONTENTS

9.1 The `compacttoc` option

Reduces the vertical spacing between entries in the table of contents.

```
1 \usetheme[compacttoc]{Celestia}
```

9.2 The `twocoltoc` option

Automatically distributes sections across two columns.

```
1 \usetheme[twocoltoc]{Celestia}
```

9.3 The `\twocolumntoc` command

Provides manual control over the two-column distribution by specifying section ranges.

```
1 \twocolumntoc[1][5][10]
```

This example places sections 1 through 4 in the left column and sections 5 through 10 in the right column.

⑩ BLOCKS

10.1 Block types

Three Beamer block types are available, each associated with a semantic color:

```
1 \begin{block}{Block title}
2   Standard block content (blockcolor)
3 \end{block}
4
5 \begin{exampleblock}{Example}
6   Example block content (examplecolor)
7 \end{exampleblock}
8
9 \begin{alertblock}{Warning}
```

```
10 Alert block content (alertcolor)
11 \end{alertblock}
```

10.2 Block style

10.2.1 The *block* option

Sets the visual style of blocks.

Default: `sober`

tcolorbox styles

- **fullbar**: colored sidebar with a separate tinted title area;
- **bar**: colored sidebar with the title integrated into the content area;
- **sober**: lightly tinted background with no border, colored title (default);
- **soft**: uniformly tinted background, soft look;
- **shaded**: stronger tinted background with a colored title banner;
- **noback**: no background, minimalist;
- **plain**: blocks with a classic border and background.

Native Beamer styles

- **native**: native Beamer rounded blocks with a colored background;
- **native-shadow**: native Beamer rounded blocks with a drop shadow;
- **native-default**: default Beamer blocks (rectangular).

```
1 \usetheme[block=sober]{Celestia}
```

10.2.2 Block opacity options

Controls the intensity of the tinted backgrounds for certain block styles (decimal value between 0 and 1):

- **shadedblockopacity**: opacity for the `shaded` style (0.30 by default);
- **soberblockopacity**: opacity for the `sober` style (0.18 by default);
- **softblockopacity**: opacity for the `soft` style (0.18 by default);
- **barblockopacity**: opacity for the `bar` style (0.05 by default).

```
1 \usetheme[block=sober, soberblockopacity=0.25]{Celestia}
```

11 SPECIAL SLIDES

11.1 Standout slides

The `standout` frame option turns a slide into a highlight page with an inverted colored background. This feature requires the `standout` option to be enabled in the theme options.

```

1 \usetheme[standout]{Celestia}
2
3 \begin{frame}[standout]
4   Key takeaway
5
6   \vspace{1em}
7   \large --- Quote
8 \end{frame}

```

11.2 Section slides

11.2.1 The *sectionpage* and *sectionnumber* options

Controls the automatic display of section divider slides, which present the section title with a decorative ornament.

Defaults: `sectionpage=true`, `sectionnumber=false`

- **sectionpage:** enables or disables automatic section divider slides;
- **sectionnumber:** displays the section number inside a decorative circle.

```

1 \usetheme[sectionpage=false]{Celestia}
2 \usetheme[sectionnumber]{Celestia}

```

To disable section slides manually within the document:

```

1 \AtBeginSection{}

```

12 SOURCE CODE

12.1 Code handler

12.1.1 The *codehandler* option

Sets the syntax highlighting backend.

Default: `listings`

Available values: `listings` (the `listings` package) or `minted` (the `minted` package, requires Pygments)

```

1 \usetheme[codehandler=minted]{Celestia}

```

In `french` mode, code listing captions are automatically relabeled to `Programme`.

12.2 Code block style

12.2.1 The *codestyle* option

Sets the visual style of code blocks.

Default: `bar`

Available values

- **bar**: colored sidebar on the left (default);
- **frame**: full border with a drop shadow;
- **macos**: macOS-style window chrome with three colored dots;
- **box**: box with a colored top bar.

```
1 \usetheme[codestyle=macos]{Celestia}
```

12.3 Code framing

12.3.1 The *codebox* and *nocodeframe* options

Controls the `tcolorbox` wrapping around code blocks.

Default: `codebox=true` (wrapping enabled)

- **codebox**: enables the code wrapper (on by default; use `codebox=false` to disable);
- **nocodeframe**: keeps the `tcolorbox` wrapper but removes the visible border.

```
1 \usetheme[codebox=false]{Celestia}
```

12.4 Usage with listings

```
1 \begin{lstlisting}[style=python]
2 def fibonacci(n):
3     if n <= 1:
4         return n
5     return fibonacci(n-1) + fibonacci(n-2)
6 \end{lstlisting}
```

A `python` style is provided out of the box with keyword and built-in function highlighting.

13 TEXT FORMATTING

13.1 Special commands

- `\texttt{text}`: monospaced font at a reduced size;
- `\alert{text}`: text in the alert color;
- `\mathterm{x}`: formats a mathematical term (bold, block color);
- `\mathdef{x}`: formats a mathematical definition (italic, example color).

13.2 The *boldurl* option

Renders URLs in bold within hyperlinks.

```
1 \usetheme[boldurl]{Celestia}
```

The theme defines theorem-like environments with a streamlined syntax built on `tcolorbox`. Each environment accepts key-value options in brackets: `title` for a subtitle and `label` for cross-referencing.

14.1 Block-type environments

- `theorem`: theorem;
- `lemma`: lemma;
- `proposition`: proposition;
- `corollary`: corollary;
- `property` / `properties`: property / properties.

14.2 Example-type environments

- `definition` / `definitions`: definition / definitions;
- `example` / `examples`: example / examples.

14.3 Alert-type environments

- `remark` / `remarks`: remark / remarks;
- `method`: method;
- `activity` / `activities`: activity / activities;
- `application` / `applications`: application / applications.

14.4 Syntax

```
1 \begin{theorem}[title=Pythagorean theorem, label=th:pyth]
2   In a right triangle,  $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$ .
3 \end{theorem}
```

This key-value syntax applies to all `tcolorbox`-based block styles (the default). When using `block=native`, `block=native-shadow` or `block=native-default`, the environments use the standard Beamer syntax instead:

```
1 \begin{theorem}{Pythagorean theorem}
2   In a right triangle,  $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$ .
3 \end{theorem}
```

Warning: mixing up the two syntaxes will cause a compilation error. Use `[title=...]` with `tcolorbox` blocks and `{Title}` with native blocks.

Each environment also has a starred (unnumbered) variant:

```
1 \begin{definition*}[title=Prime number]
2   A prime number is a natural number that has exactly
3   two distinct divisors.
4 \end{definition*}
```

Additional `tcolorbox` options can be passed directly:

```
1 \begin{remark}[title=Important, colback=red!5]
2   Content with local customization.
3 \end{remark}
```

15 THE QUIZ ENVIRONMENT

The `quiz` environment creates multiple-choice questions with the correct answer revealed on the second overlay.

```
1 \begin{quiz}
2   \item Answer A
3   \item Answer B
4   \correct{Answer C (correct answer)}
5   \item Answer D
6 \end{quiz}
```

The `\correct{...}` command marks the correct answer, which is highlighted in the alert color on <2>.

16 BIBLIOGRAPHY

The theme provides automatic support for `biblatex` and `natbib`. Bibliography entry colors are configured to match the active palette.

```
1 \usepackage[backend=biber]{biblatex}
2 \addbibresource{references.bib}
3
4 \begin{frame}{References}
5   \printbibliography
6 \end{frame}
```


17.1 Boolean options

| Option | Default | Description |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|--|
| <code>allserif</code> | <code>false</code> | Use serif font throughout |
| <code>semibold</code> | <code>true</code> | Use semibold (weight 600) as the bold series |
| <code>light</code> | <code>true</code> | Use light font weights for body text |
| <code>unicolor</code> | <code>false</code> | Monochromatic mode |
| <code>standout</code> | <code>false</code> | Enable standout frames |
| <code>compacttoc</code> | <code>false</code> | Compact table of contents |
| <code>twocoltoc</code> | <code>false</code> | Two-column table of contents |
| <code>codebox</code> | <code>true</code> | Wrap code blocks in <code>tcolorbox</code> |
| <code>nocodeframe</code> | <code>false</code> | Keep <code>tcolorbox</code> wrapper, hide border |
| <code>shownavigation</code> | <code>false</code> | Show Beamer navigation symbols |
| <code>boldurl</code> | <code>false</code> | Render URLs in bold |
| <code>sectionpage</code> | <code>true</code> | Automatic section divider slides |
| <code>sectionnumber</code> | <code>false</code> | Section number in a decorative circle |
| <code>progressbar</code> | <code>false</code> | Footer progress bar |

17.2 Key-value options

| Option | Default | Description |
|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| language | english | Document language |
| palette | nordic | Color palette |
| style | — | Preset style |
| block | sober | Block style |
| frametitle | subtle | Frame title style |
| footerstyle | info | Footer style |
| codestyle | bar | Code block style |
| codehandler | listings | Syntax highlighting backend |
| titlealign | left | Title page alignment |
| emphasis | main | Emphasis color |
| decoration | (follows emphasis) | Decoration color |
| margin | 2em | Slide margins |
| serifface | literata | Serif font |
| sansface | inter | Sans-serif font |
| monoface | plex-mono | Monospaced font |
| seriffaceoptions | (empty) | Serif font options |
| sansfaceoptions | (empty) | Sans-serif font options |
| monofaceoptions | (empty) | Monospaced font options |
| mathface | iwona | Math font |
| mathfaceoptions | (empty) | Math font options |
| custompalette | (empty) | Custom palette (6 hex colors) |
| titlebackground | (empty) | Title page background image |
| shadedblockopacity | 0.30 | Opacity for the shaded style |
| soberblockopacity | 0.18 | Opacity for the sober style |
| softblockopacity | 0.18 | Opacity for the soft style |
| barblockopacity | 0.05 | Opacity for the bar style |
| codebackgroundcolor | (empty) | Code background color |
| headstyle | sffamily | Heading font family |
| headshape | normal | Heading font shape |
| headweight | bfseries | Heading font weight |
| blocktitleweight | bfseries | Block title font weight |
| titlesize | LargeLARGE | Main title size |
| frametitlesize | normalsize | Frame title size |
| sectiontitlesize | LARGE | Section title size |
| subtitlesize | Large | Subtitle size |
| footertextsize | tiny | Footer text size |

18 AVAILABLE COLOR NAMES

The theme exposes the following color names for use anywhere in the document:

- `main`: primary color;
- `accent`: accent color;

- `background`: background color;
- `emphasis`: emphasis color (depends on the `emphasis` option);
- `decoration`: decoration color (depends on the `decoration` option);
- `blockcolor`: standard block color;
- `examplecolor`: example block color;
- `alertcolor`: alert block color;
- `codebackground`: code background color.

```
1 \textcolor{accent}{Text in the accent color}  
2 \colorlet{myCustom}{blockcolor!50!background}
```